

## **Across**

- 1. To capture a fish previously caught and tagged.
- 4. A successful stocking

  depends on
  the capture of spawning
  sturgeon, collection of eggs,
  rearing of fry and many
  other components.
- 5. This fin is used to age a sturgeon, much like tree rings are used to determine the age of a tree.
- 6. Addition of new fish to a population, usually through natural reproduction or stocking.
- 9. A water body which provides sturgeon habitat.
- 10. A substance collected from sturgeon swim bladders used historically to make glue and paint for tepees.
- 11. Appendages used by sturgeon to find food.
- 12. A province in which sturgeon occur.
- 13. These programs will increase the sturgeon population in the Saskatchewan River.
- 15. Tube like mouth used to suck food into the jaw.
- The abbreviation for the Saskatchewan River Sturgeon Management Board.
- 20. The act of reproduction.

## Down

- 2. Possession limit for sturgeon sport fishing in Manitoba and Saskatchewan.
- 3. Prehistoric, benthic dwelling fish.
- 4. Fossils from 100 million years ago indicate sturgeon date back to a age.
- 7. An effort made to restore lake sturgeon populations within the Saskatchewan River.
- 8. Organisms associated with the bottom of a water body.
- 10. A method used to hatch eggs under artificial conditions.
- 14. Released by females during spawning.
- 15. Bony plates which protect young sturgeon from predators.
- 16. In the early 1900s
  fishermen would
  over 56,000 kg
  of sturgeon a year.
- 17. The river in which the SRSMB focus their recovery efforts.
- 19. An area where plants and animals live.